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# Working with Students with Challenging Situations

Wednesday Webinar – May 10, 2023

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- Who is considered a parent on the FAFSA?
- Situations built into the FAFSA
- Unusual circumstances and dependency overrides
- FAFSA simplification's impact on these situations



### Who Qualifies as Parent?

- Who is considered a parent:
  - Biological parents
  - Adoptive parents
  - Stepparents, if they are married to the student's biological or adoptive parent



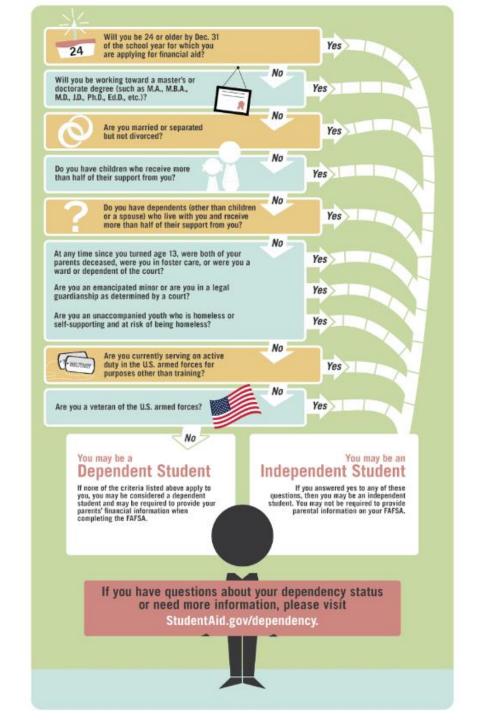
#### Who Qualifies as Parent?

- Who is NOT considered a parent on the FAFSA (will never have provide info on the FAFSA):
  - Foster parents
  - Legal guardians who have not adopted the student
  - Relatives who have not adopted the student
  - Stepparents who have not adopted the student and who would be the only person providing parental information



A student will be considered independent if they are able to answer yes to **any one** of the questions in the FAFSA dependency section.

Let's review each of these questions.





### The "Easy" Questions

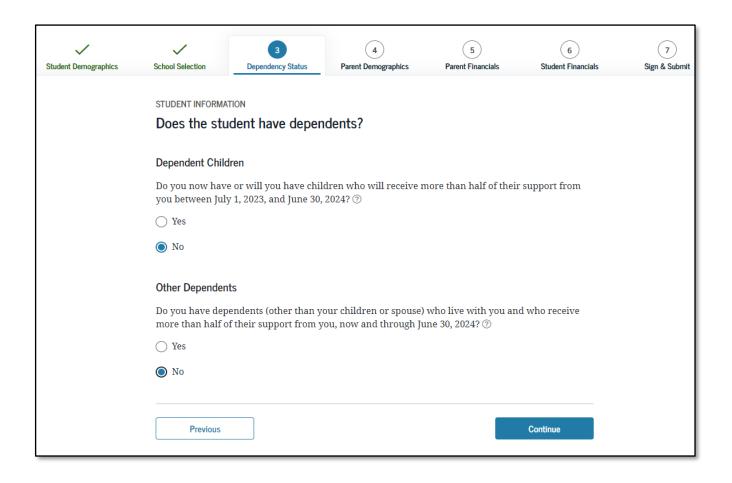
- Born before 1/1/2000 (23–24 FAFSA)
- Married as of the day the FAFSA is being filed
- Graduate or professional student



## Children and Dependents Questions

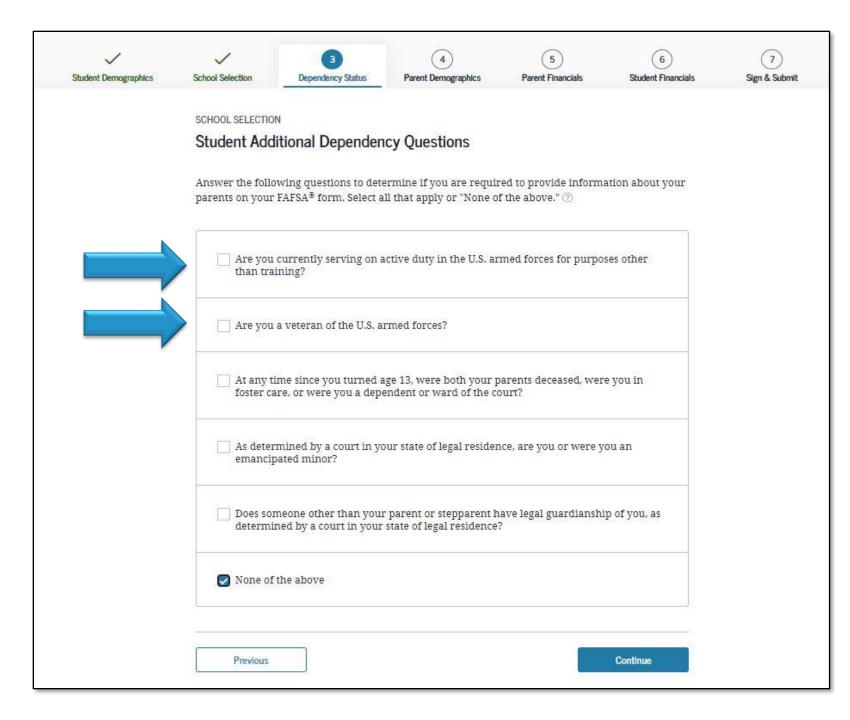
Have children (or will) and provide more than half their support?

Have dependents (other than spouse and children) and provide more than half their support?





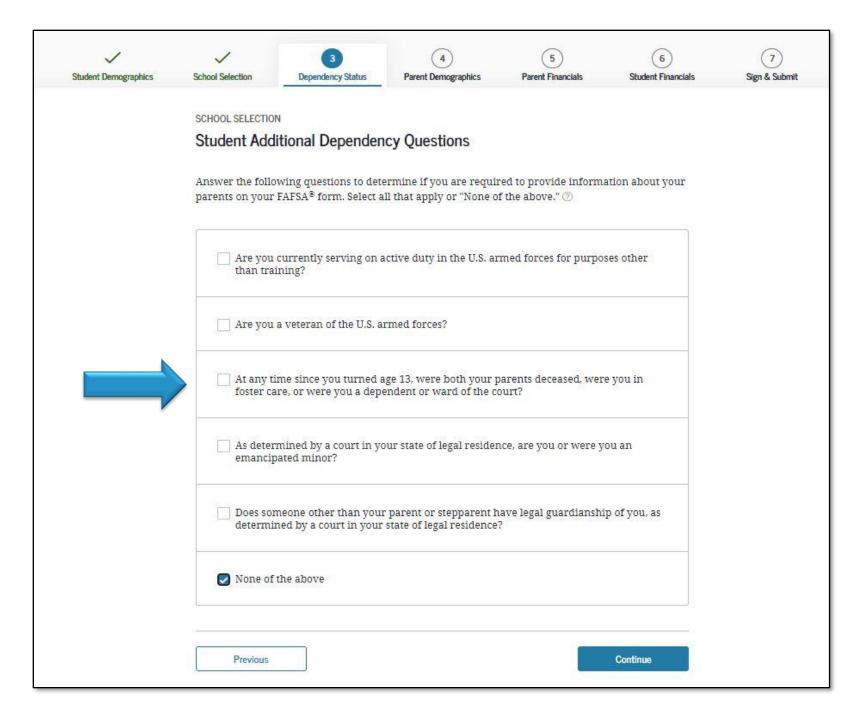
- Active-duty military for purposes other than training
  - National Guard or Reserves only if they were called up to active Federal duty
- Veteran
  - Has engaged in the active duty in the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines, or Coast Guard; and was released under a condition other than dishonorable.





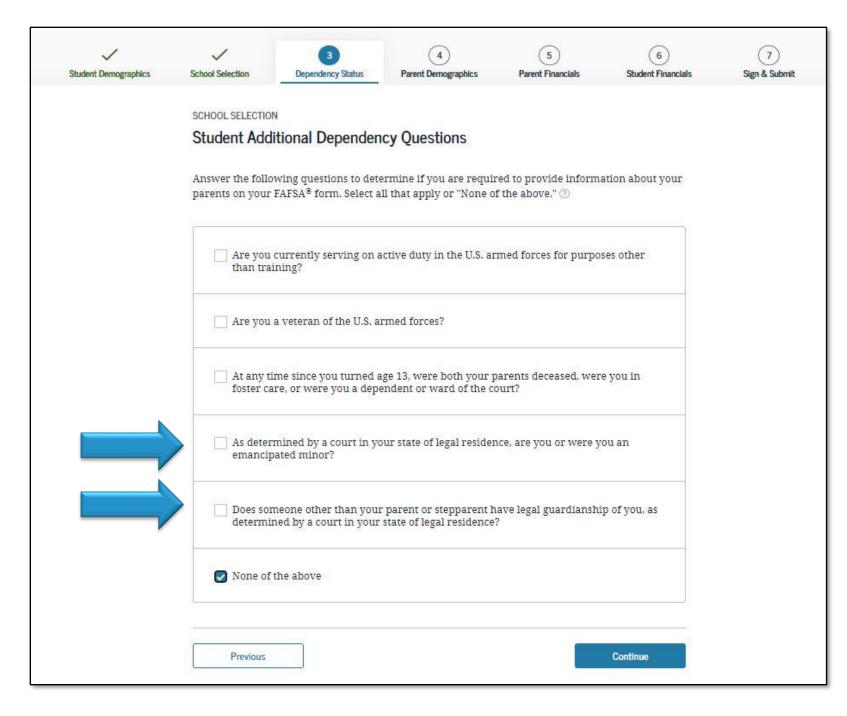
Orphan, in foster care, or dependent/ward of the court

- No living parent (biological or adoptive) at any time since turning age 13
- ☐ In foster care at any time since turning age 13
- □ A ward of the court at any time since turning age 13



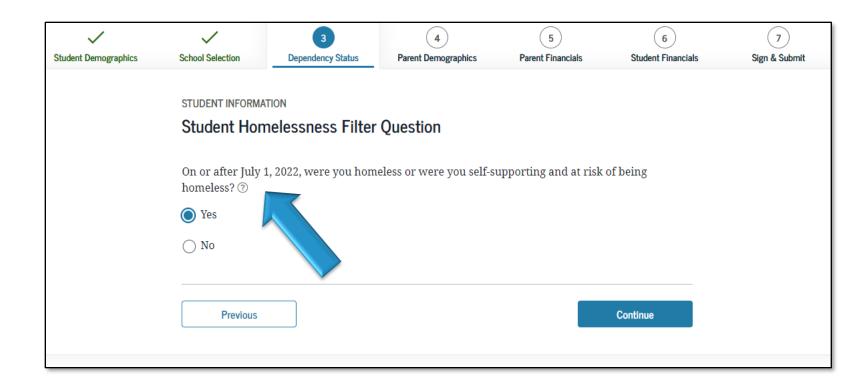


- Emancipated minor
  - As determined by a court in your state of legal residence
- Legal guardianship
  - Does someone other than your parent or stepparent have legal guardianship of you as determined by a court in your state of legal residence?





#### Homelessness



#### **Important Note:**

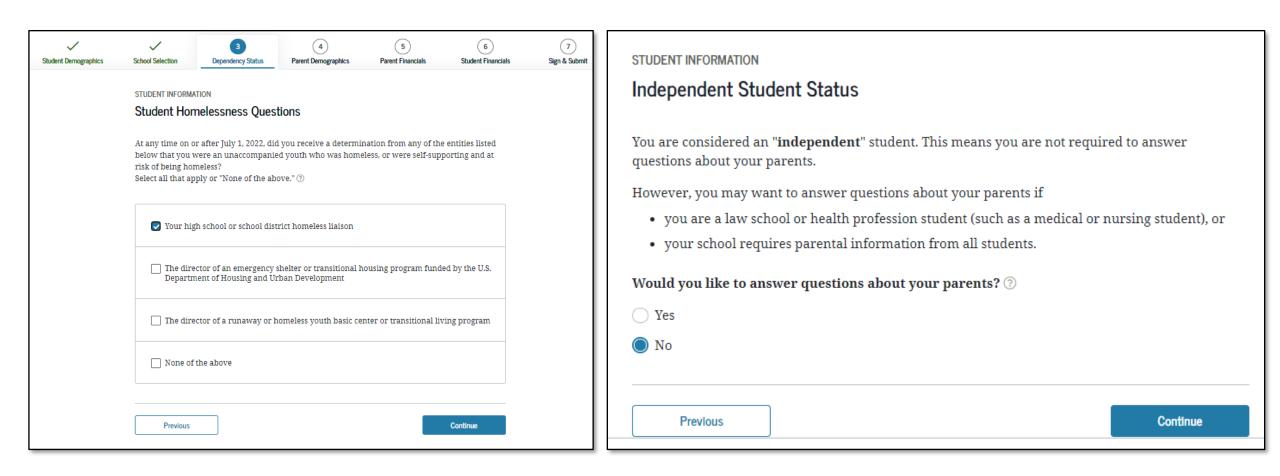
If experiencing homelessness but living with and/or receiving support from parents, students will answer NO to this question because they are not an unaccompanied homeless youth.

For the 2023-24 FAFSA

https://studentaid.gov/help/student-homelessness-questions



#### Homelessness



Student will continue to student financial questions and finish the FAFSA.



STUDENT INFORMATION **Student Homelessness Questions** At any time on or after July 1, 2022, did you receive a determination from any of the entities listed below that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless, or were self-supporting and at risk of being homeless? Select all that apply or "None of the above." ② Your high school or school district homeless liaison The director of an emergency shelter or transitional housing program funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development The director of a runaway or homeless youth basic center or transitional living program None of the above Continue Previous

#### Homelessness

#### STUDENT INFORMATION

#### Homeless or at Risk of Being Homeless

Important: You indicated you are homeless or at risk of being homeless, and you answered "None of the above" when presented with the specific homeless questions. Read on for more information.

#### Homeless or at Risk of Being Homeless

Your financial aid administrator can decide that you meet both of the following conditions necessary to be considered homeless and, therefore, do not need to provide parental information:

- You are homeless, or self-supporting and at risk of being homeless. Homeless means you are
  lacking fixed, regular, and adequate housing, which includes living in shelters, parks, motels,
  hotels, public spaces, camping grounds, cars, abandoned buildings, or temporarily living with
  other people because you had nowhere else to go. Also, if you are living in any of these
  situations and fleeing an abusive parent, you may be considered homeless even if your parent
  would otherwise provide a place to live.
- You are unaccompanied, which means you are not living in the physical custody of your parent(s) or guardian(s).

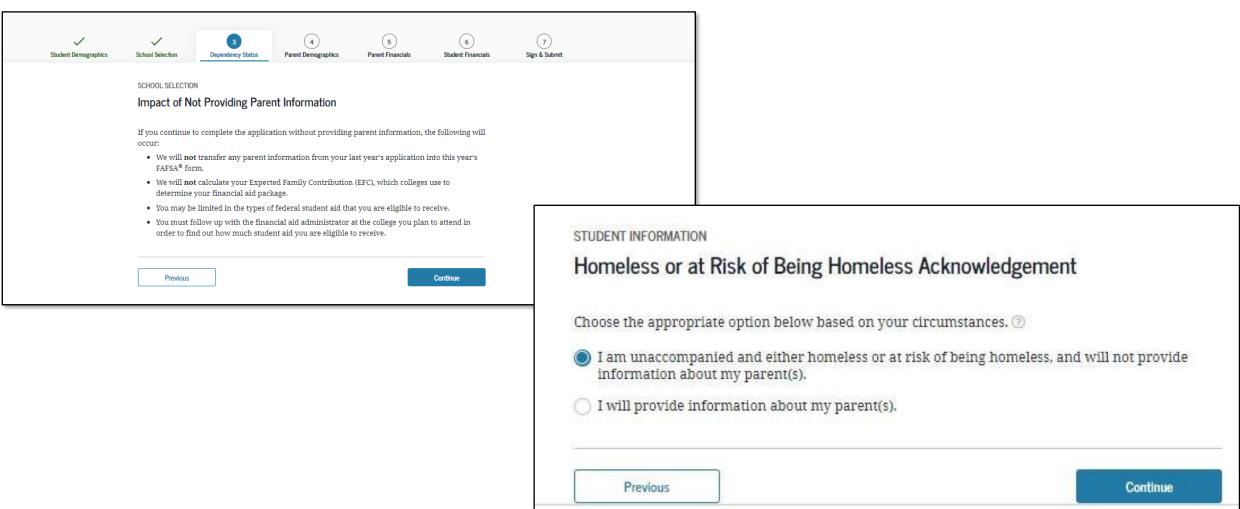
If you believe that you meet these conditions and would like to follow up with the financial aid administrator at the college you plan to attend, select **Continue**.

Previous

Continue



#### Homelessness



Student will continue to student financial questions and finish the FAFSA.





- The student must follow up with a financial aid administrator (FAA) must make this determination.
- Documentation that an FAA may consider includes (but not limited to):
  - Local school district personnel
  - State homeless education coordinators
  - Staff from college access programs (TRIO, GEAR UP)
  - Mental health professionals, social workers, doctors, and clergy

#### Homelessness



- The determination may be based on a documented interview with the student and a financial aid administrator if no written documentation available.
- Dear Colleague Letter (GEN-15-16)
  - "If the institution has no conflicting information about the status of the student, the institution should **not** request additional documentation."
  - Documentation only needs to include whether or not student is homeless or at risk – not why



#### **Unusual Circumstances**

#### Examples of unusual circumstances:

- The parents are incarcerated
- Student does not know where parents are and is unable to contact them
- Student left home due to abusive environment
- Obtaining parent information could lead to abuse

### Situations that are **not** unusual circumstances: (for FAFSA purposes)

- Parents do not want to provide information
- Parents refuse to help pay for college
- Parents do not claim student as dependent on income taxes
- Student does not live with the parents

If student has unusual circumstances, they can request the Financial Aid Office consider them for a Dependency Override (not provide parental information on the FAFSA)



#### **Unusual Circumstances**

Students must reach out to the Financial Aid Office to document their situation



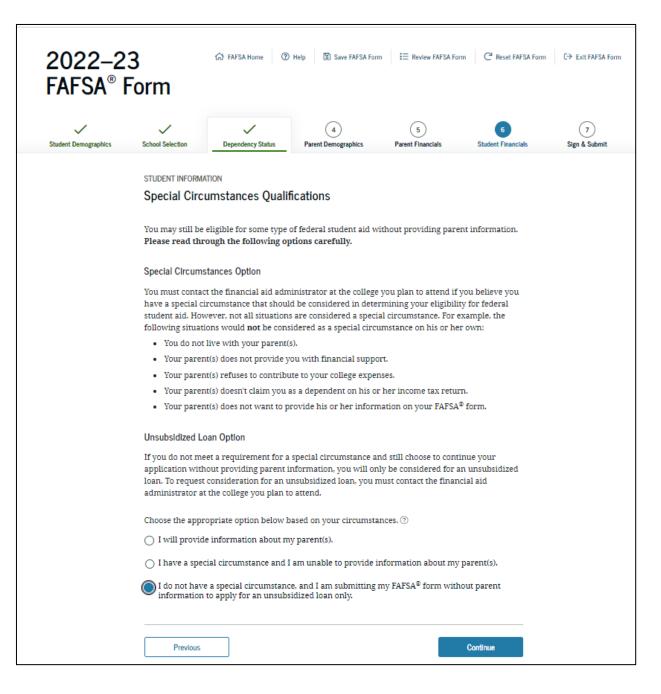
#### Documentation examples:

- Court or law enforcement documents
- Letters from a clergy member, social worker or medical authority
- Letters from a school counselor
- A dependency override from another college in same year
- A signed statement from the student and/or family member familiar with situation



#### **Unusual Circumstances**

- Financial aid administrator makes the final determination
- Decision cannot be appealed to US Dept. of Education
- Decision made at one college may differ from another college
- May have to provide documentation each year (this is changing due to FAFSA Simplification)



#### No Unusual Circumstances/ Unsubsidized Loan Only

If the student doesn't meet the unusual circumstances criteria and can't provide parent information, they are not eligible for federal aid.

However, student may be eligible for Unsubsidized Loan only.

#### **Application and Verification Guide (Pg. 64):**

Dependent students whose parents refuse to support them are not eligible for a dependency override, but they may be able to receive dependent level unsubsidized Direct Loans only.

For a student to be eligible for this provision you must get documentation

- (1) that his or her parents refuse to complete the FAFSA and
- (2) that they do not and will not provide any financial support to him or her (include the date support ended). this is gone for 24-25.

If the parents refuse to sign and date a statement to this effect, you must get documentation from a third party (the student is not sufficient), such as a teacher, counselor, cleric, or court.



## FAFSA Simplification – Changes to the 2023-2024 FAFSA

### **Financial Aid Administrator Professional Judgment**

- Defines categories of professional judgment:
  - Special Circumstances refer to the financial situations (loss of a job, etc.) that justify an aid administrator adjusting data elements.
  - Unusual Circumstances refer to the conditions that justify an aid administrator making a dependency override based on a Unusual situation (e.g., parental abandonment, abuse, parent incarceration).
- Institutions may use a dependency override determination made by another school in the same or a prior award year.



## FAFSA Simplification – Changes to the <u>2023-2024</u> FAFSA

### Financial Aid Administrator Professional Judgment

- Students with approved unusual circumstances determinations (dependency overrides) will carry forward for subsequent years if their circumstances remain unchanged.
- Renewal applicants with an eligible homeless youth, foster care youth, orphan, ward of the court, emancipated minor, or legal guardianship flag on their FAFSA will have answers to these questions carried forward and pre-populate their upcoming FAFSA.
  - Renewal applicants must still **affirm** that their previous answers are correct and currently applicable.



## FAFSA Simplification – Changes to the <u>2023-2024</u> FAFSA

### **Acceptable Documentation**

- Unusual Circumstances
  - A documented call or written statement from a representative of a TRIO program that confirms the circumstances is acceptable documentation!
- Unaccompanied Homeless Youth
  - Documentation in the form of a phone call or written statement from the director of a Federal TRIO program, or their designee, is now considered adequate for determining independence due to homelessness.



## FAFSA Simplification – Changes to the <u>2024-2025</u> FAFSA

#### **Provisional Independence**

- New process for students with unusual circumstances who cannot provide parent information on the FAFSA.
- Students will be allowed to complete the FAFSA as independent students, with their final determination subject to approval of documentation submitted to their school.
- SAI to be calculated student will receive estimated Pell Grant on SAR
- Students with approved unusual circumstances determinations
   (dependency overrides) will carry forward for subsequent years if their
   circumstances remain unchanged.



## Questions?



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